

Rarefied gas flow through channels of finite length

1 Statement of the problem

Consider a two-dimensional flow of monoatomic gas through a channel of height H and length L , connecting two semi-infinite reservoirs as is shown in Figure 1. The pressures in the left and right reservoirs far from the channel entrances are maintained equal to p_1 and p_2 , respectively. The temperature of all walls and of the gas far from the channel entrances is the same and equal to T_1 . The gas-surface interaction is assumed to be diffuse.

The aim is to calculate the mass flow rate \dot{M} through the channel for length unity in the z direction.

2 Input data

The problem is determined by three parameters:

- (i) Gas rarefaction δ defined as

$$\delta = \frac{p_1 H}{\mu_1 v_m}, \quad v_m = \sqrt{\frac{2kT_1}{m}}, \quad (1)$$

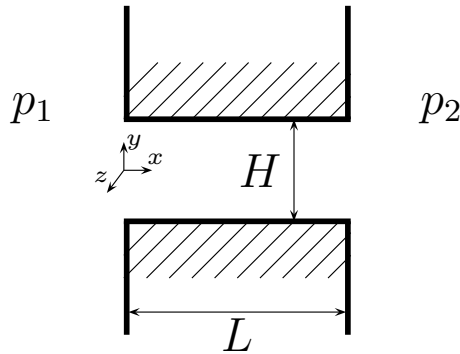


Figure 1: Scheme of the flow

Table 1: List of cases to be calculated

δ	p_2/p_1	L/H	δ	p_2/p_1	L/H
1	0.01	0	11	0.01	0
2	0.1	0	12	0.1	0
3	1	0	13	1	0
4	10	0	14	10	0
5	100	0	15	100	0
6	0.01	0.5	16	0.01	0.5
7	0.1	0.5	17	0.1	0.5
8	1	0.5	18	1	0.5
9	10	0.5	19	10	0.5
10	100	0.5	20	100	0.5

where μ_1 is the gas viscosity at the temperature T_1 , v_m is the most probable speed at the same temperature, $k = 1.3806503 \times 10^{-23}$ J/K is the Boltzmann constant, and m is the mass of one molecule in kg.

(ii) Pressure ratio p_1/p_2 .

(iii) Aspect ratio L/H .

It is suggested to solve the problem for 20 cases of the input parameters given in Table 1.

If the temperature T_1 must be specified, it is assumed to be 300 K.

If a species of the gas must be specified, it is assumed to be helium.

3 Output data

The output data should be provided in terms of the reduced flow rate defined as

$$W = \frac{\dot{M}}{\dot{M}_0}. \tag{2}$$

Here, \dot{M} is the mass flow rate through at any δ , p_2/p_1 , and L/H , while \dot{M}_0 is the mass flow rate at $\delta = 0$, $p_2/p_1 = 0$, and $L/H = 0$, i.e.

$$\dot{M}_0 = \frac{Hp_1}{\sqrt{\pi}v_m}. \tag{3}$$

4 Report

The report should contain the flow rate W for all or for some cases given in Table 1, method of solution, numerical uncertainty, CPU time.